



China Ecommerce Sector Structural boost in the post-pandemic era

- China's e-commerce sector has recovered strongly since 2Q20, with the momentum extending to 3Q20
- The shift to online consumption provides a structural boost in the post-pandemic era
- We like Alibaba (BABA US/9988 HK) for its dominant position in ecommerce, JD (JD US/9618 HK) for its supply chain prowess, and Meituan (3690 HK) for its leading position in consumer service ecommerce

Impressive post-COVID recovery. The China ecommerce sector has been recovering since 2Q20 after a temporary slowdown in 1Q20 amid COVID-19 outbreak. The robust momentum has carried into 3Q20, with China's online sales of physical goods increasing by 15.8% YoY in 8M20 vs. 14.3% YoY in 1H20. In addition, the express delivery industry (downstream industry of the ecommerce industry) also reported robust volume growth of 32.2%/36.5% YoY in July/Aug 2020.

Structural boost in the post-pandemic era. In our view, the pandemic in 1Q20 has prompted more consumers to shop online, especially for groceries and food products. In our view, such changes in consumer behavior are structural and likely to persist in the post-pandemic era. The average monthly growth in the express delivery industry has accelerated to about 36% YoY between Apr-Aug in 2020, which was ~10ppt higher than the pre-pandemic growth at 26% YoY in 2019.

Online shopping penetration rate has been rising rapidly. Penetration rate of online shopping (online sales of physical goods/total retail sales) increased by 3.5ppt to 18.4% in 2018 and 2.3ppt to 20.7% in 2019. In 8M20, the penetration rate was up 3.9ppt to 24.6% in 8M20, as compared to 20.7% (+2.3ppt) in 2019. Assuming the current run-rate to continue in coming months, the full-year figure could potentially increase by 5.8ppt, the highest in recent years, to 26.5% for 2020E.

A sector with prospects. We maintain our positive view on China's ecommerce sector. Among the listed ecommerce platforms, we continue to prefer **Alibaba** for its dominant position in ecommerce, **JD** for its supply chain prowess, and **Meituan** for its leading position in consumer service ecommerce.

Sector valuation summary

| Company | Ticker | Rating | TP | 2020E P/S(x) | 2021E P/S(x) | 2020E Core P/E(x)* | 2021E Core P/E(x)* |
|---------------|---------|--------|---------|-----------------|-----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| Alibaba - ADR | BABA US | BUY | US\$351 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 35.0 | 27.7 |
| Alibaba - SW | 9988 HK | BUY | HK\$340 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 37.5 | 29.7 |
| Meituan-W | 3690 HK | BUY | HK\$330 | 13.2 | 9.0 | 309.7 | 85.6 |
| Pinduoduo | PDD US | BUY | US\$113 | 13.1 | 8.1 | NA | 103.7 |
| JD -ADR | JD US | BUY | US\$93 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 64.7 | 43.3 |
| JD - SW | 9618 HK | BUY | HK\$360 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 65.2 | 43.7 |
| VIP SHOP | VIPS US | BUY | US\$22 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 11.4 | 9.9 |

*Excluding share-based compensation, impairments, fair value changes of investment, etc. Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

Sector Report OVERWEIGHT Oct 8, 2020

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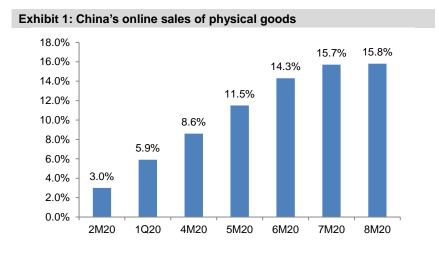
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A broad-based recovery

The China ecommerce sector has sustained its momentum in 3Q20 after posting a strong recovery in 2Q20.

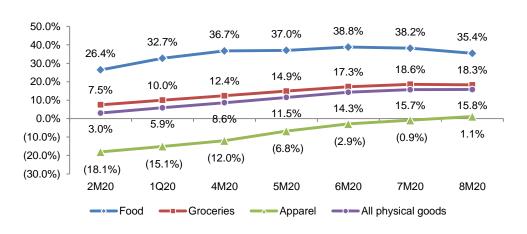
Online sales of physical goods in China increased by 15.8% YoY in 8M20 vs. 14.3% YoY in 1H20 and 5.9% YoY in 1Q20, indicating an ongoing improvement. In particular, after the success of "618 shopping festival", major ecommerce platforms, including Alibaba and JD, have launched another major promotion campaign in Aug (818 shopping festival), which boosted the overall sales in the ecommerce sector.



Source(s): NBS, ABCI Securities

By product category, food product continued to be the outperformer, followed by groceries. In addition, growth in apparel online sales has returned to the positive territory in 8M20 after suffering from negative growth in recent months, illustrating the recovery is broad-based.

Exhibit 2: China online sales of physical goods by product

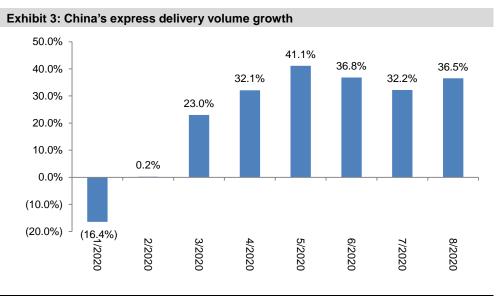


Source(s): NBS, ABCI Securities



The express delivery industry (the downstream industry of the ecommerce industry) is also moving forward with strength. According to the State Post Bureau, volume growth in the express delivery industry continued to exceed 30% YoY during Apr-Aug 2020. In particular, during the "818 shopping festival" period, volume growth of express delivery accelerated to 36.5% YoY in Aug 2020 vs. 32.2% YoY in July 2020.

Based on the stellar performance in the ecommerce industry in the past few months, we are optimistic on the upcoming annual Double 11 shopping festival in Nov, which is the largest annual sales event in the ecommerce industry.



Source(s): State Post Bureau, ABCI Securities



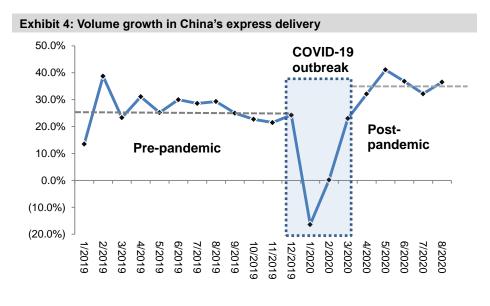
Structural boost in the post-pandemic era

In our view, the COVID-19 outbreak in 1Q20, which led to the temporary closure of physical shops and cut-off in local transportation, has prompted more consumers to shop online, especially for groceries and food products. In our view, such changes in consumer behavior could deliver a structural boost to the ecommerce industry in the post-pandemic era. The view is substantiated by the trend of volume growth the express delivery industry (the downstream industry of the ecommerce sector). Volume change in the express delivery industry is often used as a proxy to indicate the general health of the ecommerce industry.

Pre-pandemic (2019): In 2019, the monthly volume growth in the express delivery industry averaged at 26% YoY.

COVID-19 outbreak (1Q20): The express delivery industry was heavily impacted by the COVID-19 outbreak during 1Q20 due to cut-off in local transportation.

Post-pandemic (2Q20 onwards): The express delivery industry experienced a speedy recovery in line with the ecommerce industry, with the average monthly volume growth accelerating to about 36% YoY in during Apr-Aug, 10ppt higher than the pre-pandemic growth rate. In our view, this represents a shift in consumer behavior to online shopping.

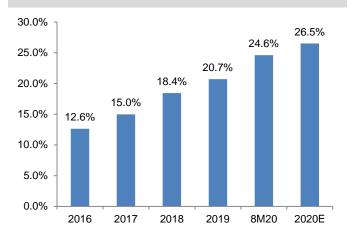


Source(s): State Post Bureau, ABCI Securities

In addition, the online shopping penetration rate (online sales of physical goods/total retail sales) has been rising rapidly. Penetration rate of online shopping increased by 3.5ppt to 18.4% in 2018 and 2.3ppt to 20.7% in 2019. In 8M20, the penetration rate was up 3.9ppt to 24.6% in 8M20, indicating an accelerating shift to online consumption. Assuming the current run-rate to continue in coming months, the full-year figure could potentially increase by 5.8ppt, the highest in recent years, to 26.5% for 2020.

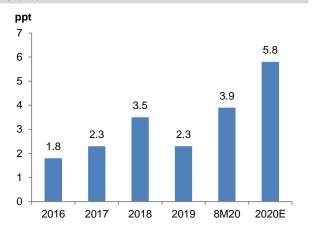


Exhibit 5: Online shopping penetration rate



Source(s): NBS, ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 6: Online shopping penetration rate – increment



Source(s): NBS, ABCI Securities estimates



Alibaba (BABA US/9988 HK) King of ecommerce

- Leading position in the ecommerce market; business transformation from online distribution platform to technology enabler for online merchants is in good progression
- Upbeat 2Q20 results with 34% YoY revenue growth and 23% YoY core net profit growth
- We continue to view Alibaba as one of our top picks in the ecommerce sector

More than a retail platform. Alibaba is China's leading ecommerce platform with an estimated market share of ~62% in 2019, significantly higher than 24% for JD (JD US) and 12% for Pinduoduo (PDD US). Alibaba has been transforming its business from an online distribution platform to a technology enabler for online merchants via effective use of Al and big data. Driven by ongoing development of various value-added solutions, Alibaba's revenue mix has been improving with reducing reliance on the retail business. E.g., its China retail revenue accounted for 65% of total revenue in FY20 vs. 78% in FY15. Revenue contribution from emerging businesses, such as consumer services and cloud computing, has been rising.

2Q20 review. 2Q20 revenue grew by 34 % YoY to RMB 154bn, indicating a sequential improvement (1Q20: 22%). In particular, core commerce revenue growth has accelerated to 34% YoY in 2Q20 vs. 19% YoY in 1Q20 indicating consumption shifting online in the post COVID-19 era. Core net profit grew by 23% YoY to RMB 40.6bn with core net margin improving to 26% in 2Q20 vs. 22 % in 1Q20, thanks to the better economies of scale.

Business outlook. For FY3/20-22E, we expect GMV to grow at 12% CAGR to RMB 8.2tr by FY3/22E, driven by the growing number of active users and higher user spending. Revenue would increase at 27% CAGR in FY3/20-22E while core net margin (excl. impacts of share-based compensation and other non-operating items) would be 24.9% for 2022E. We estimate FY20E-22E core net profit CAGR to be 20%

Valuation and recommendation. We maintain BUY on Alibaba and raise our TP for Alibaba-SW (9988 HK) to HK\$ 340 and TP for Alibaba-ADR (BABA US) to US\$ 351. We continue to view Alibaba as one of our top picks in the ecommerce sector given its leading market position.

Results and Valuation

| FY end Mar 31 | FY19A | FY20A | FY21E | FY22E |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Revenue (RMB mn) | 376,844 | 509,711 | 646,459 | 822,764 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 50.6 | 35.3 | 26.8 | 27.3 |
| Net profit (RMB mn) | 87,600 | 149,263 | 106,789 | 129,297 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 36.9 | 70.4 | (28.5) | 21.1 |
| Core net profit (RMB mn) | 100,731 | 141,344 | 162,090 | 204,955 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 17.4 | 40.3 | 14.7 | 26.4 |
| Underlying EPS (RMB) | 4.2 | 7.1 | 5.0 | 6.0 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 35.5 | 67.3 | (29.9) | 21.1 |
| Core EPS (RMB)* | 4.9 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 9.6 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 16.2 | 35.0 | 14.7 | 26.4 |
| Core P/E (x)- ADR* | 54.8 | 40.1 | 35.0 | 27.7 |
| Core P/E (x)-SW share* | 55.6 | 38.7 | 37.5 | 29.7 |
| ROAE (%) | 16.8 | 20.2 | 11.3 | 11.7 |
| ROAA (%) | 10.4 | 13.1 | 7.6 | 8.0 |

¹ ADR = 8 ordinary shares

Company Report Oct 8, 2020

Rating (SW-share): BUY TP (SW-share): HK\$ 340 Rating (ADR): BUY TP (ADR): US\$ 351

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| Price (ADR/SW-share) | US\$296.5/ |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| | HK\$288.2 |
| Est. share price return | 18.4%/18.0% |
| (ADR/SW-share) | |
| Est. dividend yield | NA/NA |
| (ADR/SW-share) | |
| Est. total return | 18.4%/18.0% |
| (ADR/SW-share) | |
| Last Rating &TP | BUY, US\$310/ |
| (ADR/SW-share) | BUY, HK\$300 |
| | |
| Previous Report Date | Aug 12 2020 |

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

| Key Data | |
|----------------------------|-------------|
| 52Wk H/L (HK\$) (SW-share) | 292.0/167.6 |
| 52Wk H/L (US\$) (ADR) | 299.0/161.7 |
| Issued shares (mn) | 21,645 |
| Market cap (HK\$ mn) (all | 6,238,089 |
| share) | |
| 3-mth avg daily turnover | 7,161 |
| (HK\$ mn) (SW-share) | |
| 3-mth avg daily turnover | 3,639 |
| (US\$ mn) (ADR) | |
| Major shareholder(s) (%): | |
| Softbank | 25.1% |
| Jack Ma | 6.0% |
| Joseph Tsai | 1.9% |

Source(s): Bloomberg, HKEX, Company

^{*}Excluding share-based compensation, impairments, fair value changes of investment, etc. Source (s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates



Financial outlook

We maintain our financial forecast. For FY3/20-22E, we expect GMV to grow at 12%CAGR to RMB 8.2tr by FY3/22E, driven by the growing number of active users and increased user spending. We expect revenue to grow at 27% CAGR in FY3/20-22E. Among Alibaba's major business segments, core commerce would expand at 24% CAGR in FY3/20-22E; revenue from cloud computing and media/innovative initiatives would grow at 60% and 32% CAGRs in FY3/20-22E.

Exhibit 7: Major assumptions

| | FY19 | FY20 | FY21E | FY22E |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Annual active buyers (m) | 654 | 726 | 820 | 886 |
| Annual GMV per customer (RMB) | 8,757 | 9,076 | 9,085 | 9,266 |
| Total GMV (RMB bn) | 5,727 | 6,589 | 7,453 | 8,210 |
| Customer management monetization rate | 2.5% | 2.7% | 2.9% | 3.2% |
| Commission monetization rate | 1.1% | 1.1% | 1.1% | 1.2% |

Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 8: Revenue forecasts

| | FY19 | FY20 | FY21E | FY22E |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| China retail revenue | 247,615 | 332,750 | 411,767 | 505,335 |
| China wholesale | 9,988 | 12,427 | 14,912 | 17,895 |
| International commerce | 27,725 | 33,917 | 42,396 | 52,995 |
| Cainiao logistics | 14,885 | 22,233 | 28,903 | 37,574 |
| Consumer service (Ele.me) | 18,058 | 25,440 | 27,984 | 32,182 |
| Others | 5,129 | 9,337 | 12,138 | 15,780 |
| Core commerce | 323,400 | 436,104 | 538,101 | 661,760 |
| Cloud computing | 24,702 | 40,016 | 64,026 | 102,441 |
| Digital media/ Innovation initiatives | 28,742 | 33,591 | 44,333 | 58,562 |
| Total revenue | 376,844 | 509,711 | 646,459 | 822,764 |

Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Gross margin: Gross margin declined to 44.6% in FY20 vs. 57.2% in FY18 mainly due to changes in business mix caused by the consolidation of Cainiao Network and Ele.me. Looking forward, we expect the trend to continue with gross margin reaching 42.9% by FY22E based on the ongoing changes in business contributions.

Product development expense: Non-GAAP product development expenses/sales ratio has remained largely stable at ~6% in recent years. We expect the ratio to be ~6.2% in FY21E and FY22E due to ongoing R&D investments in new services for merchants and consumers.



Sales and marketing expenses: Non-GAAP sales and marketing expenses/sales ratio was 9.2% in FY20. We expect the ratio to gradually improve to 8.5% by FY22E.

General & admin expenses: Non-GAAP general & admin expenses /sales ratio was 4.2% in FY20. We expect the ratio to improve to 3.5% by FY22E on economies of scale.

We expect core net margin (excl. impacts of share-based compensation and other non-operating items) to be 24.9% for 2022E. This would result in a net profit CAGR of 20% for FY20E-22E.

Exhibit 9: Non-GAAP cost trend (RMB mn)

| (FY end Mar 31) | FY19 | FY20 | FY21E | FY22E | |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--|
| | | | | | |
| Cost of revenue | 198,014 | 275,045 | 355,552 | 452,520 | |
| Product development expenses | 22,057 | 29,426 | 38,788 | 51,011 | |
| Sales & marketing expenses | 35,369 | 46,843 | 60,121 | 69,935 | |
| General & admin expenses | 16,102 | 21,261 | 24,565 | 28,797 | |
| Amortization of intangible | 10 727 | 12.064 | 14.960 | 24 202 | |
| assets/Impairment | 10,727 | 13,964 | 14,869 | 21,392 | |
| Total | 282,269 | 386,539 | 493,895 | 623,655 | |
| | | | | | |
| % of revenue | | | | | |
| % of revenue Cost of revenue | 52.5% | 54.0% | 55.0% | 55.0% | |
| | 52.5% 5.9% | 54.0% 5.8% | 55.0% 6.0% | 55.0% 6.2% | |
| Cost of revenue | | | | | |
| Cost of revenue Product development expenses | 5.9% | 5.8% | 6.0% | 6.2% | |
| Cost of revenue Product development expenses Sales & marketing expenses | 5.9% 9.4% | 5.8% 9.2% | 6.0% 9.3% | 6.2% 8.5% | |

Note. Excluding impacts of share-based compensation and other non-operating items

Source(s): Group , ABCI Securities estimates

Valuation and TP

We derive Alibaba's valuation range based on the SOTP approach. For Alibaba's core business, we apply a target multiple range of 28x-32x on its FY3/22E core profit. For its strategic investments, we refer to the latest the book value and our estimation.

The SOTP approach results in a valuation range of HK\$ 314-HK\$ 353 for Alibaba-SW (9988 HK).

Alibaba-SW (9988 HK): We set our TP at HK\$ 340

Alibaba-ADR (BABA US): Based on our TP of Alibaba-SW, we set the corresponding TP of Alibaba-ADR to be US\$ 351 (1 ADR represents 8 shares).

Overall, our valuation range implies a wide trading range. Any major new business development or initiatives could lead to a higher valuation (higher risk appetites among investors). Our TP indicates a medium-term target but we notice that short-term share price might deviate from it due to technical factors such as supply/demand dynamic, etc.



Exhibit 10: SOTP valuation range for Alibaba-SW (9988 HK)

| (HKD per share) | High | Low | Remarks |
|------------------------|------|-----|--|
| Core business | 311 | 272 | 28-32x FY22E core profit |
| Strategic investments* | 42 | 42 | Latest book value, ABCI Securities estimates |
| Total | 353 | 314 | |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 11: TP change for Alibaba-SW (9988 HK)

| (HKD per share) | Old | New | Methodology -old | Methodology -new |
|-----------------|-----|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| TP | 300 | 340 | 27x FY22E core profit | 30x FY22E core profit |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

Peer valuation analysis

Comparing with local peers, Alibaba is currently trading at a lower P/E than that of JD (JD US/9618 HK) and Pinduoduo (PDD US). In our view, this could be attributed to the fact that JD is still in the early stage of profitability and Pinduoduo is still loss-making. For JD and Pinduoduo, we believe investors tend to place more emphasis on overall sales momentum than near-term profits.

Exhibit 12: Peer valuation

| EXHIBIT 12. 1 GG | | Market cap# (USD mn) | Price (Lcy) | P/sales | | | Core P/E* | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------|--------------|-------------|-------|--------------|--|
| | | | | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | <u>2021E</u> | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | <u>2021E</u> | |
| Business model- | platform based | | | | | | | | | |
| BABA US | Alibaba | 804,915 | US\$ 269.5 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 39.6 | 34.5 | 27.3 | |
| 3690 HK | Meituan-B | 177,785 | HK\$ 267.8 | 14.4 | 13.2 | 9.0 | 301.5 | 309.7 | 85.6 | |
| PDD US | Pinduoduo-A | 48,162 | US\$ 74.8 | 20.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 | NA | NA | 103.7 | |
| | | Average | | 15.2 | 11.7 | 7.9 | 170.5 | 172.1 | 72.2 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Business model | - direct sales | | | | | | | | | |
| JD US | JD.com | 123,254 | US\$ 78.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 75.5 | 64.7 | 43.3 | |
| VIPS US | VIP Shop -A | 9,073 | US\$ 15.3 | 0.8 | 8.0 | 0.7 | 14.7 | 11.4 | 9.9 | |
| | | Average | | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 45.1 | 38.0 | 26.6 | |

 $^{{}^{\}star}\text{Excluding share-based compensation, impairments, fair value changes of investment, etc.}\\$

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

^{*}Including HK\$27 per share for 33% stakes of Ant Group based on US\$ 230bn valuation (100%) implying 13.2x 2019 P/S

[#] All-share market cap for Alibaba and JD



Financial forecast

Consolidated income statement (FY19A-FY22E)

| FY Ended Mar 31 (RMB mn) | FY19A | FY20A | FY21E | FY22E |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Core commerce | 323,400 | 436,104 | 538,101 | 661,760 |
| Cloud computing &Internet infrastructure | 24,702 | 40,016 | 64,026 | 102,441 |
| Others | 28,742 | 33,591 | 44,333 | 58,562 |
| Total revenue | 376,844 | 509,711 | 646,459 | 822,764 |
| Cost of sales | (206,929) | (282,367) | (365,991) | (469,601) |
| Gross profit | 169,915 | 227,344 | 280,468 | 353,163 |
| Product development expenses | (37,435) | (43,080) | (58,253) | (82,864) |
| Selling & marketing expenses | (39,780) | (50,673) | (65,581) | (78,870) |
| General & admin expenses | (24,889) | (28,197) | (34,454) | (44,977) |
| Amortization/Impairment | (10,727) | (13,964) | (14,869) | (21,392) |
| Operating Profits | 57,084 | 91,430 | 107,312 | 125,060 |
| Interest and investment income | 44,106 | 72,956 | 5,000 | 20,000 |
| Interest expenses | (5,190) | (5,180) | (5,700) | (5,700) |
| Other income | 221 | 7,439 | 250 | 250 |
| Share of results of equity investees | 566 | (5,733) | 10,300 | 13,300 |
| Profit before tax | 96,787 | 160,912 | 117,162 | 152,910 |
| Tax | (16,553) | (20,562) | (19,918) | (35,169) |
| Profit after tax | 80,234 | 140,350 | 97,245 | 117,741 |
| Minority interests | 7,652 | 9,083 | 9,724 | 11,774 |
| Accretion of mezzanine equity | (286) | (170) | (180) | (218) |
| Profits attributable to ordinary shareholders | 87,600 | 149,263 | 106,789 | 129,297 |
| Share-based compensation | 37,491 | 31,742 | 45,252 | 74,049 |
| Amortization and impairment | 22,087 | 39,044 | 14,869 | 21,392 |
| Gains on disposals/revaluation of investments | (47,525) | (4,764) | (5,000) | (20,000) |
| Other non-core items | 1,078 | (73,941) | 180 | 218 |
| Non-GAAP profits attributable to ordinary | | | | |
| shareholders (Core net profit) | 100,731 | 141,344 | 162,090 | 204,955 |
| Growth | | | | |
| Total revenue (%) | 50.6 | 35.3 | 26.8 | 27.3 |
| Gross Profits (%) | 18.6 | 33.8 | 23.4 | 25.9 |
| Operating Profits (%) | (17.6) | 60.2 | 17.4 | 16.5 |
| Net profit (%) | 36.9 | 70.4 | (28.5) | 21.1 |
| Core net profit (%) | 17.4 | 40.3 | 14.7 | 26.4 |
| Operating performance | | | | |
| Operating margin (%) | 15.1 | 17.9 | 16.6 | 15.2 |
| Net margin (%) | 23.2 | 29.3 | 16.5 | 15.7 |
| Core net margin (%) | 26.7 | 27.7 | 25.1 | 24.9 |
| | | | | |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding differences

Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates



Consolidated balance sheet (FY19A-FY22E)

| As of Mar 31 (RMB mn) | FY19A | FY20A | FY21E | FY22E |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Fixed assets | 92,030 | 103,387 | 118,387 | 133,387 |
| Investments | 241,544 | 350,961 | 381,261 | 414,561 |
| Other non-current assets | 361,229 | 395,714 | 400,845 | 399,454 |
| Total non-current assets | 694,803 | 850,062 | 900,493 | 947,402 |
| Cash & equivalents | 189,976 | 330,503 | 464,452 | 675,267 |
| Restricted cash and escrow receivables | 8,518 | 15,479 | 15,479 | 15,479 |
| Short-term investments and investment securities | 13,189 | 32,712 | 32,712 | 32,712 |
| Prepayments, deposits & other assets | 58,590 | 84,229 | 84,229 | 84,229 |
| Total current assets | 270,273 | 462,923 | 596,872 | 807,687 |
| Total assets | 965,076 | 1,312,985 | 1,497,366 | 1,755,088 |
| Accrued expenses, accounts payable and other | | | | |
| liabilities | 117,711 | 161,536 | 177,112 | 225,415 |
| Other payables & accruals | 25,935 | 23,204 | 23,204 | 23,204 |
| Borrowings and notes | 22,466 | 5,154 | 5,154 | 5,154 |
| Deferred revenue | 30,795 | 38,338 | 64,646 | 82,276 |
| Merchants deposits | 10,762 | 13,640 | 13,640 | 13,640 |
| Total current liabilities | 207,669 | 241,872 | 283,756 | 349,689 |
| Borrowings and notes | 111,834 | 120,276 | 120,276 | 120,276 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 30,171 | 71,186 | 71,186 | 71,186 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 142,005 | 191,462 | 191,462 | 191,462 |
| Total liabilities | 349,674 | 433,334 | 475,218 | 541,151 |
| Net current assets | 62,604 | 221,051 | 313,116 | 457,998 |
| Mezzanine equity | 6,819 | 9,103 | 9,283 | 9,501 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 492,257 | 755,401 | 907,442 | 1,110,787 |
| Non-controlling interests | 116,326 | 115,147 | 105,423 | 93,648 |
| Total equity | 608,583 | 870,548 | 1,012,864 | 1,204,436 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding differences

Individual items may varies from reported figures due to rounding differences/definition differences

Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Consolidated cash flow statement (FY19A-FY22E)

| As of Mar 31 (RMB mn) | FY19A | FY20A | FY21E | FY22E |
|-----------------------|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Operating cash flow | 150,975 | 185,737 | 193,949 | 270,815 |
| Investing cash flow | (151,060) | (60,000) | (60,000) | (60,000) |
| Financing cash flow | (7,392) | - | - | - |
| Net cash flows | (7,477) | 125,737 | 133,949 | 210,815 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): the Group, ABCI Securities estimates



JD.com (JD US/9618 HK) Strengths in supply chain

- Thanks to premium brand image backed by superb quality control and powerful in-house supply chain capability, JD.com (JD) secures a leading position in the online market sales of consumer electronics and home appliances.
- Margin expansion underway driven by improving operational efficiency and economies of scale
- Maintain BUY with a revised TP of US\$ 93 for JD-ADR (JD US) and HK\$ 360 for JD-SW (9618 HK)

A premium online retailer with superior supply chain capabilities. We reiterate our long-term positive view on JD. The Group's direct sales business model, superb quality control, and robust in-house logistic infrastructure form its core competitive edge, allowing it to enjoy a leading market position in online sales of consumer electronics and home appliance products. Similar success has been replicated for various F&B products. We attribute JD's robust performance to its in-house business model with self-owned inventories and logistic network, which enables a more reliable supply chain than other ecommerce players during the COVID-19 outbreak.

2Q20 review. In 2Q20, revenue growth accelerated to 34% YoY vs. 21% YoY in 1Q20 driven by 45% YoY sales growth of general merchandize products, indicating improving market position in the non-consumer electronics product category. In addition, core net profit grew by 66% YoY with net core margin improving to 2.9% in 2Q20 (2Q19: 2.4%), thanks to ongoing improvement in operation efficiency.

Margin expansion underway. JD's margin has been expanding in recent quarters, thanks to economies of scale and better utilization of logistic capacity. We believe JD's profitability has passed an inflection point, which implies a margin uptrend in the medium term. We expect core net margin to improve to 2.6% in 2021E from 1.9% in 2019.

Maintain BUY. We maintain **BUY** with a revised TP of US\$ 93 on **JD-ADR (JD US)** and HK\$ 360 on **JD-SW (9618 HK)** for its unique strengths in consumer electronics and home appliances.

Results and Valuation

| FY end Dec 31 | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|--------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Revenue (RMB mn) | 462,019 | 576,888 | 710,178 | 846,703 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 27.5 | 24.9 | 23.1 | 19.2 |
| Net profit (RMB mn) | -2,492 | 12,184 | 13,222 | 19,048 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | 8.5 | 44.1 |
| Core net profit (RMB mn) | 3,460 | 10,750 | 16,293 | 21,907 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | 210.7 | 51.6 | 34.5 |
| Underlying EPS (RMB) | -1.7 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 12.8 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | 8.5 | 44.1 |
| Core EPS (RMB) | 2.4 | 7.2 | 11.0 | 14.8 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | 204.9 | 51.6 | 34.5 |
| Core P/E (x)- ADR | 230.1 | 75.5 | 64.7 | 43.3 |
| Core P/E (x)-SW share | 232.0 | 76.1 | 65.2 | 43.7 |
| ROAE (%) | -4.4 | 16.7 | 14.2 | 16.9 |
| ROAA (%) | -1.3 | 5.2 | 4.6 | 5.6 |

^{*1} ADR = 2 ordinary shares

Source (s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Company Report Oct 8, 2020

Rating (ADR): BUY TP (ADR): US\$ 93 Rating (SW-share): BUY TP (SW-share): HK\$360

Analyst : Steve Chow Tel: (852) 2147 8809 stevechow@abci.com.hk

| Price (ADR/SW-share) | US\$ 78.1/ |
|-------------------------|---------------|
| | HK\$305.2.0 |
| Est. share price return | 19.0%/18.1% |
| (ADR/SW-share) | |
| Est. dividend yield | NA/NA |
| (ADR/SW-share) | |
| Est. total return | 19.0%/18.1% |
| (ADR/SW-share) | |
| Last Rating &TP | BUY, US\$ 77/ |
| (ADR/SW-share) | BUY, HK\$298 |
| | |
| Previous Report Date | Aug 12, 2020 |

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Key Data

| , <u></u> | |
|----------------------------|--------------|
| 52Wk H/L (HK\$) (SW-share) | 337.2/226.0 |
| 52Wk H/L (US\$) (ADR) | 86.5/27.7 |
| Issued shares (mn) | 3,130 |
| Market cap (HK\$ mn) (all | 955,215 |
| share) | |
| 3-mth avg daily turnover | 1,420.4 |
| (HK\$ mn) (SW-share) | |
| 3-mth avg daily turnover | 865.9 |
| (US\$ mn) (ADR) | |
| Major shareholder(s) | Voting right |
| Richard Liu | 79.0% |
| Walmart | 2.5% |

Source(s): Bloomberg, HKEX, Company



Financial analysis

For 2019-2021E, we expect GMV to grow by 18% CAGR to RMB 2.9tr by 2021E, driven by the growing number of active users and higher user spending.

Overall, we expect revenue to increase at 21% CAGR in 2019-2021E to RMB 847bn by 2021E, propelled by growing GMV and ongoing expansion of new businesses including the logistics. In particular, we expect logistic and other service revenue to grow at 45% CAGR in 2019-21E.

Exhibit 13: Major assumptions

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Annual active customer account (mn) | 293 | 305 | 362 | 416 | 458 |
| GMV (RMB bn) | 1,295 | 1,677 | 2,085 | 2,521 | 2,912 |
| Annual spending per active customer (RMB) | 4,426 | 5,492 | 5,761 | 6,055 | 6,358 |

Source(s): the Group , ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 14: Revenue forecasts (RMB mn)

| , | , | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
| Electronics and home appliance | 236,269 | 280,059 | 328,703 | 378,009 | 434,710 |
| General merchandize | 95,555 | 136,050 | 182,031 | 245,741 | 302,262 |
| Net product revenue | 331,824 | 416,109 | 510,734 | 623,750 | 736,972 |
| Marketplace and advertising | 25,391 | 33,532 | 42,680 | 51,216 | 60,435 |
| Logistics and other service | 5,116 | 12,379 | 23,474 | 35,211 | 49,295 |
| Net service revenue | 30,508 | 45,911 | 66,154 | 86,427 | 109,731 |
| Total revenue | 362,332 | 462,019 | 576,888 | 710,178 | 846,703 |
| | | | | | |

Source(s): the Group , ABCI Securities estimates

We expect core net margin (excl. impacts of share-based compensation and other non-operating items) to rise to 2.6% by 2021E from 1.9% in 2019. Core net profit would increase at 43% CAGR for 2019-21E.



Exhibit 15: Non-GAAP cost trend (RMB mn)

| | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|-------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | | | | |
| cogs | 311,490 | 395,994 | 492,385 | 602,941 | 718,004 |
| Fulfillment expenses | 25,275 | 31,423 | 36,363 | 44,741 | 51,649 |
| Marketing expenses | 13,560 | 17,815 | 21,338 | 24,856 | 29,635 |
| Technology & content expenses | 5,927 | 10,883 | 13,180 | 14,204 | 16,934 |
| General & admin expenses | 2,387 | 3,036 | 3,609 | 3,551 | 3,387 |
| Total | 358,639 | 459,151 | 566,874 | 690,293 | 819,608 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| % of revenue | | | | | |
| cogs | 86.0% | 85.7% | 85.4% | 84.9% | 84.8% |
| Fulfillment expenses | 7.0% | 6.8% | 6.3% | 6.3% | 6.1% |
| Marketing expenses | 3.7% | 3.9% | 3.7% | 3.5% | 3.5% |
| Technology & content expenses | 1.6% | 2.4% | 2.3% | 2.0% | 2.0% |
| General & admin expenses | 0.7% | 0.7% | 0.6% | 0.5% | 0.4% |
| Total | 99.0% | 99.4% | 98.3% | 97.2% | 96.8% |

Note: Excl. impacts of share-based compensation and other non-operating items

Source(s): the Group , ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 16: Forecast changes for 2020E

| | 2020E | | | Comment |
|-------------|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|
| (RMB mn) | old | new | Diff | |
| Revenues | 710,178 | 710,178 | 0% | |
| Net income | 10,163 | 13,222 | 30% | |
| Core profit | 13,234 | 16,293 | 23% | Operational improvement |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 17: Forecast changes for 2021E

| | 2021E | | | Comment |
|-------------|---------|---------|------|-------------------------|
| (RMB mn) | old | new | Diff | |
| Revenues | 846,703 | 846,703 | 0% | |
| Net income | 16,900 | 19,048 | 13% | |
| Core profit | 19,760 | 21,907 | 11% | Operational improvement |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates



Valuation and TP

We derive JD's valuation range based on the SOTP approach. For JD's core business, we apply the DCF method with a WACC of 7%-10%. For strategic investments, we refer to the latest the book value and our estimates. The SOTP approach yields a valuation range of US\$ 85.7- 110.5 for JD-ADR (JD US).

JD-ADR (JD US): We set our TP at US\$93.

JD-SW (9618 HK): Based on our TP of JD-ADR, we determine TP of JD-SW to be HK\$ 360 (1 ADR represents 2 shares).

Overall, our valuation range implies a wide trading range. Any major new business development or initiatives could lead to a higher valuation (higher risk appetites among investors). Our TP indicates a medium-term target but we notice that short-term share price might deviate from it due to technical factors such as supply/demand dynamic, etc.

Exhibit 18: SOTP-based valuation range (US\$ per ADR)

| Segment | Low | High | Comment |
|---------------|------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| Core business | 74.2 | 94.0 | DCF -from 7% to 10% WACC |
| Investments* | 11.5 | 11.5 | Book value/ABCI Securities estimates |
| Overall | 85.7 | 110.5 | |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 19: TP changes (US\$ per share)

| Old | New | Methodology -old | Methodology -new |
|------|------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| 77.0 | 93.0 | DCF –9% WACC for core business | DCF -8.5% WACC for core business |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

^{*}Including US\$ 6.9 per ADR for 36.8% stakes of JD Digits based on US\$ 27.8bn gross valuation (100%), implying 10x 2019 P/S



Peer valuation analysis

JD's comparables are major online ecommerce platforms – Alibaba (BABA US/ 9988 HK), Pinduoduo (PDD US), and VIP Shop (CIPS US). JD is trading at a higher 20E/21E P/E than Alibaba. In our view, this could be justified by its margin expansion and higher profit in coming years. JD's profit outlook is highly sensitive to its margin - meaningful upside would emerge if margin improves more than expected.

Exhibit 20: Peer valuation

| Exhibit 20. Peer v | | Market cap# (USD mn) | Price (Lcy) | P/sales | | Core P/E* | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------|--------------|
| | | | | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | 2021E | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | <u>2021E</u> |
| Business model- p | latform based | | | | | | | | |
| BABA US | Alibaba | 804,915 | US\$ 269.5 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 39.6 | 34.5 | 27.3 |
| 3690 HK | Meituan-B | 177,785 | HK\$ 267.8 | 14.4 | 13.2 | 9.0 | 301.5 | 309.7 | 85.6 |
| PDD US | Pinduoduo-A | 48,162 | US\$ 74.8 | 20.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 | NA | NA | 103.7 |
| | | Average | | 15.2 | 11.7 | 7.9 | 170.5 | 172.1 | 72.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Business model - | direct sales | | | | | | | | |
| JD US | JD.com | 123,254 | US\$ 78.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 75.5 | 64.7 | 43.3 |
| VIPS US | VIP Shop -A | 9,073 | US\$ 15.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 14.7 | 11.4 | 9.9 |
| | | Average | | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 45.1 | 38.0 | 26.6 |

^{*}Excluding share-based compensation, impairments, fair value changes of investment, etc.

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

[#] All-share market cap for Alibaba and JD



Financial forecast

Consolidated income statement (2018A-2021E)

| FY Ended Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|---|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|
| Net product revenue | 416,109 | 510,734 | 623,750 | 736,972 |
| Net service revenue | 45,911 | 66,154 | 86,427 | 109,731 |
| Total revenue | 462,019 | 576,888 | 710,178 | 846,703 |
| Cost of sales | (396,066) | (492,467) | -602,962 | -718,023 |
| Gross profit | 65,953 | 84,421 | 107,215 | 128,680 |
| Fulfillment expenses | (32,010) | (36,968) | -45,207 | -52,098 |
| Marketing expenses | (19,237) | (22,234) | -25,939 | -30,892 |
| Technology & content expenses | (12,144) | (14,619) | -14,775 | -17,455 |
| General & admin expenses | (5,182) | (5,490) | -4,993 | -4,727 |
| Gains on disposal | 0 | 3,885 | 0 | 0 |
| Operating Profits | (2,619) | 8,995 | 16,301 | 23,508 |
| Interest income | (1,113) | (1,738) | -1,600 | -1,600 |
| Interest expenses | 2,118 | 1,786 | 1,600 | 1,650 |
| Share of results of equity investees | (855) | (725) | -850 | -900 |
| Others, net | 95 | 5,375 | 100 | 100 |
| PBT | (2,374) | 13,693 | 15,551 | 22,758 |
| Tax | (427) | (1,802) | -2,579 | -3,960 |
| PAT | (2,801) | 11,890 | 12,972 | 18,798 |
| Minority interests | (309) | (293) | -250 | -250 |
| Profits attributable to shareholders | (2,492) | 12,184 | 13,222 | 19,048 |
| Share-based compensation | 3,660 | 3,695 | 2,163 | 1,893 |
| Amortization | 1,806 | 885 | 1,420 | 1,693 |
| Impairment/FV changes of investments | 808 | (745) | 0 | 0 |
| Other non-core items | (321) | (5,269) | -513 | -727 |
| Non-GAAP profits attributable to shareholders | 3,460 | 10,750 | 16,293 | 21,907 |
| Growth | | | | |
| Total revenue (%) | 27.5 | 24.9 | 23.1 | 19.2 |
| Gross Profits (%) | 29.8 | 28.0 | 27.0 | 20.0 |
| Operating Profits (%) | 213.8 | NA | 81.2 | 44.2 |
| Net profit (%) | NA | NA | 8.5 | 44.1 |
| Non-GAAP net profit (%) | (30.4) | 210.7 | 51.6 | 34.5 |
| Operating performance | | | | |
| Operating margin (%) | (0.6) | 1.6 | 2.3 | 2.8 |
| Net margin (%) | (0.5) | 2.1 | 1.9 | 2.2 |
| Core net margin (%) | 0.7 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
| ROAE (%) | (4.4) | 16.7 | 14.2 | 16.9 |
| ROAA (%) | (1.3) | 5.2 | 4.6 | 5.6 |
| | | | | |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Source(s): the Group, ABCI Securities estimates



Consolidated balance sheet (2018A-2021E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Fixed assets | 38,112 | 37,352 | 53,852 | 70,352 |
| Investments | 47,258 | 56,993 | 56,993 | 56,993 |
| Other non-current assets | 18,939 | 26,284 | 29,184 | 32,084 |
| Total non-current assets | 104,309 | 120,629 | 140,029 | 159,429 |
| Cash & equivalents | 37,502 | 39,912 | 44,221 | 53,423 |
| Short-term investments and investment securities | 2,036 | 24,603 | 24,603 | 24,603 |
| Inventories | 44,030 | 57,932 | 68,334 | 81,374 |
| Account receivables | 11,110 | 6,191 | 27,240 | 32,476 |
| Other current assets | 10,178 | 10,457 | 10,457 | 10,457 |
| Total current assets | 104,855 | 139,094 | 174,854 | 202,333 |
| Total assets | 209,164 | 259,723 | 314,883 | 361,762 |
| Account payables | 93,003 | 106,507 | 144,931 | 169,520 |
| Borrowings and notes | 4,545 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Other current liabilities | 23,314 | 33,510 | 33,510 | 33,510 |
| Total current liabilities | 120,862 | 140,017 | 178,441 | 203,029 |
| Payables & accruals | 309 | 226 | 226 | 226 |
| Borrowings and notes | 9,874 | 10,052 | 10,052 | 10,052 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 1,291 | 8,805 | 8,805 | 8,805 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 11,474 | 19,082 | 19,082 | 19,082 |
| Total liabilities | 132,336 | 159,099 | 197,523 | 222,111 |
| Mezzanine equity | 15,961 | 15,964 | 15,961 | 15,961 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 59,771 | 81,856 | 98,841 | 121,382 |
| Non-controlling interests | 1,096 | 2,804 | 2,554 | 2,304 |
| Total equity | 60,866 | 84,660 | 101,395 | 123,686 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): the Group, ABCI Securities estimates

Consolidated cash flow statement (2018A-2021E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|---------|---------|
| Operating cash flow | 20,881 | 24,782 | 29,308 | 34,202 |
| Investing cash flow | (26,078) | (25,349) | -25,000 | -25,000 |
| Financing cash flow | 11,220 | 2,573 | - | - |
| Effective of FX | 1,681 | 405 | - | - |
| Net cash flows | 7,704 | 2,410 | 4,308 | 9,202 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): the Group, ABCI Securities estimates



Meituan Dianping-W (3690 HK) Leading consumer service ecommerce platform

- Intact medium-term outlook to benefit from the structural uptrend in consumer service ecommerce
- Improving business environment for food delivery services
- We expect GTV growth to slow to 3% YoY in 2020E due to the pandemic before rebounding by 48% in 2021E on low base and normalized business situation.
- Maintain BUY with a revised TP of HK\$ 330

Leading consumer service ecommerce platform. We believe Meituan (MD) is well-positioned to benefit from the structural uptrend of consumer upgrade from physical goods to services given its leading position in the consumer service ecommerce market. As China's largest online food delivery platform, MD has become a household brand in the country, with a substantial user base with 457mn annual transaction users in 2Q20. In 2019, the Group generated RMB 393bn in gross transaction value (GTV) from food delivery.

2Q20 review. In 2Q20, revenue resumed an 8.9% YoY growth after the 12.6% YoY decline in 1Q20 amid ongoing business recovery in the post-pandemic era. In addition, after posting a net core net loss of RMB 216mn in 1Q20, the Group reported RMB 2.7bn in core net profit for 2Q20 with a core net margin of 11.0% vs. 6.6% in 2Q19. We expect sequential improvement in coming quarters especially for the food delivery business.

Business outlook. We expect GTV growth to slow to 4% YoY in 2020E due to the pandemic before rebounding by 45% in 2021E on low base and normalized business. Similarly, we expect revenue to slow to 10% YoY in 2020E before leaping by 48% YoY jump in 2021E.

Maintain BUY. We maintain our BUY call on the counter with a revised SOTP-based TP of HK\$ 330.

Results and Valuation

| FY end Dec 31 | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|---------------------------|----------|--------|---------|---------|
| Revenue (RMB mn) | 65,227 | 97,528 | 107,122 | 158,159 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 92.3 | 49.5 | 9.8 | 47.6 |
| Net profit (RMB mn) | -115,477 | 2,239 | 2,900 | 13,721 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | NA | 373.1 |
| Core net profit (RMB mn)* | -8,346 | 4,657 | 4,573 | 16,547 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | (1.8) | 261.9 |
| Underlying EPS (RMB) | -42.41 | 0.39 | 0.50 | 2.36 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | 28.4 | 373.1 |
| Core EPS (RMB)* | -3.06 | 0.81 | 0.79 | 2.84 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | -2.6 | 261.9 |
| P/S (x) | 10.2 | 14.4 | 13.2 | 9.0 |
| Core P/E (x)* | NA | 301.5 | 309.7 | 85.6 |
| ROAE (%) | NA | 2.5 | 3.1 | 13.5 |
| ROAA (%) | NA | 1.8 | 2.2 | 9.5 |
| | | | | |

*Excl. share-based compensation, amortization, impairment, etc.

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Company Report Oct 8, 2020 Rating: BUY TP: HK\$330

Analyst: Steve Chow Tel: (852) 2147 8809 stevechow@abci.com.hk

Share price (HK\$) 267.8

Est. share price return 23.2%

Est. dividend yield NA

Est. total return 23.2%

Previous Rating &TP

Previous Report Date Aug 12, 2020

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Key Data

52Wk H/L(HK\$) 280.0/70.1 Issued shares (mn) 5,881 of which: Listed B shares (mm) 5,145 Unlisted shares (mm) 736 B share market cap 1,377,831 (HK\$ mn) Avg daily turnover 5,420 (HK\$ mn) Major shareholder(s) Voting right Wang Xing 49.1% 10.8% Mu Rongjun

 $Source(s): Bloomberg, \, HKEX, \, Company$



Financial analysis

We expect GTV growth to slow to 4% YoY in 2020E due to the COVID-19 outbreak, to be followed by a 45% growth in 2021E due to the low base expected for 2020E and normalized business situation in 2021E.

Exhibit 21: Major assumptions

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|--|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| Annual transacting users (mn) | 400 | 451 | 496 | 535 |
| No. of food delivery transactions (mn) | 6,393 | 8,722 | 9,784 | 13,697 |
| No. of domestic hotel room nights (mn) | 284 | 392 | 354 | 503 |
| Monetization rates | 12.7% | 14.3% | 15.0% | 15.3% |

Source(s): the Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Similarly, we expect MD's revenue growth to slow to 9.8% YoY for 2020E before accelerating to 47.6% YoY for 2021E. Among major business segments, we expect food delivery revenue to increase by 15% YoY in 2020E, to be followed by a 50% YoY growth for 2021E. For the in-store, hotel and travel segment, we factor in a 6% revenue decline for 2020E, to be followed by a 44% growth for 2021E.

Exhibit 22: GTV and revenue forecasts

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------------------------|--------|--------|---------|---------|
| Gross transaction volume (RMB bn) | 516 | 682 | 713 | 1,036 |
| Food delivery | 283 | 393 | 460 | 678 |
| In-store, hotel and travel | 177 | 222 | 176 | 251 |
| New initiatives and others | 56 | 67 | 76 | 107 |
| | | | | |
| Revenue (RMB mn) | 65,227 | 97,528 | 107,122 | 158,159 |
| Food delivery | 38,143 | 54,843 | 63,157 | 94,974 |
| In-store, hotel and travel | 15,840 | 22,275 | 20,891 | 30,088 |
| New initiatives and others | 11,244 | 20,410 | 23,074 | 33,097 |

Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Overall gross margin improved to 33.1% in 2019 vs. 23.2% in 2018, mainly driven by improving profitability of the food delivery and the new initiatives segments. Looking forward, we expect gross margin to drop to 31.1% for 2020E amid weakened consumption sentiment before recovering to 32.2% for 2021E.

In terms of operating cost, we expect SG&A/GTV ratio to drop to 3.6% by 2021E vs. 4.6% in 2019.

Based on the above assumptions, we expect core net profit to drop by 1.8% YoY to RMB4.6bn for 2020E on pandemic-related disruptions. For 2021E, we expect core net profit to recuperate to RMB 16.5bn, with a core net margin of 10.5%.



Exhibit 23: Forecast changes in 2020E

| | 2020E | | | Comment |
|-------------|---------|---------|------|------------------------|
| (RMB m) | old | new | Diff | |
| Revenues | 105,091 | 107,122 | 2% | |
| Net income | 1,935 | 2,900 | 50% | |
| Core profit | 3,586 | 4,573 | 28% | Lower cost assumptions |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 24: Forecast changes for 2021E

| | **** | | | |
|-------------|---------|---------|------|------------------------|
| | 2021E | | | Comment |
| (RMB m) | old | new | Diff | |
| Revenues | 158,155 | 158,159 | 0% | |
| Net income | 12,892 | 13,721 | 6% | |
| Core profit | 15,719 | 16,547 | 5% | Lower cost assumptions |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

Valuation and TP

We derive MD's valuation range based on the SOTP approach. For food delivery business, we apply the DCF valuation with a WACC of 7%-10%; for in-store, hotel and travel business, we apply a target P/E range of 15x-20x. The SOTP approach results in a valuation range of HK\$ 192.9-HK\$ 420.6. We set our TP at HK\$330, which warrants a **BUY** rating.

Overall, our valuation range implies a wide trading range. Any major new business development or initiatives could lead to a higher valuation (higher risk appetites among investors). Our TP indicates a medium-term target but we notice that short-term share price might deviate from it due to technical factors such as supply/demand dynamic, etc.

Exhibit 25: SOTP-based valuation range (HK\$ per share)

| Segment | Low | High | Comment |
|-----------------------|-------|-------|----------------------|
| Food delivery | 175.8 | 397.8 | DCF with 7%-10% WACC |
| In-store/Hotel/Travel | 17.1 | 22.8 | 15-20x 2021E P/E |
| Overall | 192.9 | 420.6 | |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates



Peer valuation analysis

Comparing with other major ecommerce platforms including Alibaba (BABA US/9988 HK) and JD (JD US/9618 HK), MD is trading at a higher valuation in terms of core P/E. In our view, this could due to the fact that MD is still in early stage of profitability and investors tend to focus on its longer-term outlook.

Exhibit 26: Peer valuation

| | | Market cap# (USD mn) | Price (Lcy) | P/sales | | es Core P/E* | | | |
|-----------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------|--------------|-------------|-------|-------|
| | | | | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | 2021E | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | 2021E |
| Business model- | platform based | | | | | | | | |
| BABA US | Alibaba | 804,915 | US\$ 269.5 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 39.6 | 34.5 | 27.3 |
| 3690 HK | Meituan-B | 177,785 | HK\$ 267.8 | 14.4 | 13.2 | 9.0 | 301.5 | 309.7 | 85.6 |
| PDD US | Pinduoduo-A | 48,162 | US\$ 74.8 | 20.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 | NA | NA | 103.7 |
| | | Average | | 15.2 | 11.7 | 7.9 | 170.5 | 172.1 | 72.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Business model | - direct sales | | | | | | | | |
| JD US | JD.com | 123,254 | US\$ 78.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 75.5 | 64.7 | 43.3 |
| VIPS US | VIP Shop -A | 9,073 | US\$ 15.3 | 0.8 | 8.0 | 0.7 | 14.7 | 11.4 | 9.9 |
| | | Average | | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 45.1 | 38.0 | 26.6 |

^{*}Excluding share-based compensation, impairments, fair value changes of investment, etc.

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 27: TP changes (HK\$ per share)

| Segment | Old | ld New Methodology- | | Methodology |
|-----------------------|-----|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | | old | -new |
| Food delivery | 229 | 309 | DCF with a 9% WACC | DCF with a 8% WACC |
| In-store/Hotel/Travel | 21 | 21 | 17.5x 2021 P/E | 17.5x 2021 P/E |
| Overall | 250 | 330 | | |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

[#] All-share market cap for Alibaba and JD



Financial forecast

Consolidated income statement (FY18A-FY21E)

| Y Ended Dec 31 (RMB mn) | FY18A | FY19A | FY20E | FY21E |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|
| otal revenue | 65,227 | 97,528 | 107,122 | 158,159 |
| Cost of sales | (50,122) | (65,208) | -73,826 | -107,19 |
| Gross profit | 15,105 | 32,320 | 33,295 | 50,968 |
| Other gains/losses | 2,585 | 2,609 | 2,850 | 2,850 |
| Selling & marketing expenses | (15,872) | (18,819) | -19,239 | -22,789 |
| R&D expenses | (7,072) | (8,446) | -8,693 | -8,28 |
| General & admin expenses | (5,546) | (4,339) | -4,632 | -5,69 |
| mpairment . | (286) | (646) | 0 | . (|
| perating Profits | (11,086) | 2,680 | 3,582 | 17,04 |
| inance income, net | 249 | (25) | -50 | -20 |
| Other cost | (104,654) | 107 | 90 | 110 |
| Profit before tax | (115,491) | 2,762 | 3,622 | 17,13 |
| ax | , , , | 526 | 724 | 3,42 |
| Profit after tax | (115,493) | 2,236 | 2,897 | 13,70 |
| Minority interests | (16) | (3) | -3 | -14 |
| Profits attributable to shareholders | (115,477) | 2,239 | 2,900 | 13,72 |
| Share-based compensation | 1,865 | 2,191 | 1,425 | 2,59 |
| mortization and impairment | 2,367 | 751 | 600 | 60 |
| djustments on disposals/revaluation | 102,743 | (547) | -350 | -35 |
| Other adjustments | 157 | 23 | -3 | -1 |
| core profits | (8,346) | 4,657 | 4,573 | 16,54 |
| Growth | | | | |
| otal revenue (%) | 92.3 | 49.5 | 9.8 | 47. |
| Gross Profits (%) | 23.6 | 114.0 | 3.0 | 53. |
| Operating Profits (%) | NA | NA | 33.7 | 375. |
| let profit (%) | NA | NA | 29.5 | 373. |
| Core profit (%) | NA | NA | -1.8 | 261. |
| Operating performance | | | | |
| Operating margin (%) | (17.0) | 2.7 | 3.3 | 10. |
| let margin (%) | (177.0) | 2.3 | 2.7 | 8. |
| Fore net margin (%) | (12.8) | 4.8 | 4.3 | 10 |
| OAE (%) | (502.0) | 2.5 | 3.1 | 13 |
| | | | | |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates



Consolidated balance sheet (FY18A-FY21E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | FY18A | FY19A | FY20E | FY21E |
|---------------------------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Fixed assets | 3,979 | 5,376 | 3,981 | 9,516 |
| Intangible assets | 33,876 | 32,700 | 32,700 | 32,700 |
| Investment in associates and JV | 2,103 | 2,284 | 2,284 | 2,284 |
| Financial assets | 6,242 | 7,166 | 7,166 | 7,166 |
| Other non-current assets | 1,312 | 2,352 | 2,352 | 2,352 |
| Total non-current assets | 47,512 | 49,877 | 48,482 | 54,017 |
| Cash & equivalents | 17,044 | 13,396 | 17,189 | 27,460 |
| Restricted cash | 4,256 | 8,760 | 8,760 | 8,760 |
| Account receivables | 466 | 677 | 2,246 | 3,749 |
| Deposit, prepayments and other assets | 9,065 | 9,591 | 9,591 | 9,591 |
| Inventories | 400 | 275 | 657 | 970 |
| Short term investment | 41,918 | 49,436 | 49,436 | 49,436 |
| Total current assets | 73,149 | 82,135 | 87,879 | 99,966 |
| Total assets | 120,661 | 132,012 | 136,361 | 153,983 |
| Accounts payable | 5,341 | 6,766 | 8,218 | 12,133 |
| Borrowings and notes | 1,800 | 3,553 | 3,553 | 3,553 |
| Deferred revenue | 3,103 | 4,567 | 4,567 | 4,567 |
| Other current liabilities | 21,581 | 21,706 | 21,706 | 21,706 |
| Total current liabilities | 31,825 | 36,592 | 38,043 | 41,959 |
| Deferred revenue | 625 | 389 | 389 | 389 |
| Borrowings | 470 | 467 | 467 | 467 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 1,232 | 2,510 | 2,510 | 2,510 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 2,326 | 3,366 | 3,366 | 3,366 |
| Total liabilities | 34,151 | 39,958 | 41,409 | 45,324 |
| Net current assets | 41,324 | 45,542 | 49,836 | 58,007 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 86,504 | 92,113 | 95,013 | 108,734 |
| Non-controlling interests | 5 | (58) | (61) | (75) |
| Total equity | 86,510 | 92,055 | 94,952 | 108,659 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Consolidated Cash flows statement (FY18A-FY21E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | FY18A | FY19A | FY20E | FY21E |
|-----------------------|----------|---------|---------|---------|
| Operating cash flow | (9,180) | 7,112 | 7,542 | 15,806 |
| Investing cash flow | (23,439) | (3,506) | (3,749) | (5,536) |
| Financing cash flow | 29,295 | - | - | - |
| Net cash flows | (3,323) | 3,606 | 3,793 | 10,270 |

 ${\it Note}.$ Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): Company, ABCI Securities estimates



Pinduoduo (PDD US)

Rising fast and furious; inflection in 2021E

- Emerging ecommerce platform with rapid growth on innovative social ecommerce features; 683mn users in 2Q20 vs. 417mn for JD and 742mn for Alibaba; estimated online market share of ~12% in 2019
- Long-term investment on user loyalty via sizable marketing spending would hamper near-term profitability
- Maintain BUY on emerging potential in lower-tier cities

A rising star in lower-tier cities. Pinduoduo is an emerging player with rapid growth in the ecommerce sector despite its relatively short operating history (since 2015). In our view, its rising popularity is driven by its innovative business model, which provides buyers with value-for-money products and interactive shopping experiences. Strong user growth was seen, with its active users reaching 683mn in 2Q20 vs. 417mn for JD and 742mn for Alibaba. We estimate its online market share in 2019 was ~12%, vs. 62% for Alibaba and 24% for JD.

Long-term investment on user loyalty. Pinduoduo has been suffering from core net losses in recent years, mainly dragged by sales and marketing expenses that accounted for 2.7% of GMV in 2019 vs. 0.7% for Alibaba and 1.0% for JD. We view such expenses as a long-term investment on user loyalty and stickiness, and expect a breakeven to occur by 2021E based on the ongoing sales growth and improving margins enabled by better economies of scale and cost control.

2Q20 review. In 2Q20, revenue grew by 66% YoY (1Q20 growth: 44% YoY) to RMB12.2bn, driven by a 41% YoY growth in annual active customers i. In addition, core net losses narrowed significantly from RMB 3.2bn in 1Q20 to RMB 77m in 2Q20 driven by lower marketing expenses, paving the way for a potential breakeven by 2021E.

Maintain BUY on potential in lower-tier regions. We maintain **BUY** with a DCF-based TP of US\$ 113. We believe the Group is well-positioned to ride on the consumption growth in China's lower-tier cities.

Results and Valuation

| FY end Dec 31 | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------------------|---------|--------|--------|--------|
| Revenue (RMB mn) | 13,120 | 30,142 | 46,403 | 75,368 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 652.5 | 129.7 | 53.9 | 62.4 |
| Net profit (RMB mn) | -10,297 | -6,968 | -6,902 | 2,481 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Core net profit (RMB mn) | -3,456 | -4,266 | -3,654 | 5,872 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Earnings per ADS (RMB) | -13.9 | -6.0 | -5.9 | 2.1 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Core earnings per ADS (RMB) | -4.7 | -3.7 | -3.1 | 5.1 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Core P/E (x) | NA | NA | NA | 103.7 |
| P/S (x) | 29.6 | 20.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 |
| ROAE (%) | NA | NA | NA | 10.4 |
| ROAA (%) | NA | NA | NA | 2.9 |

1 ADS = 4 common shares

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Company Report

Oct 8, 2020 Rating: BUY TP: US\$ 113

Analyst: Steve Chow Tel: (852) 2147 8809 stevechow@abci.com.hk

 ADS price (US\$)
 74.8

 Est. share price return
 51.1%

 Est. dividend yield
 NA

 Est. total return
 51.1%

 Previous Rating &TP
 BUY/US\$113

 Previous Report Date
 Aug 12, 2020

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Key Data

52Wk H/L(US\$) 99.0/30.2 Issued shares (mn) 4,650 of which: Listed A shares (mn) 2.576 Unlisted B shares (mn) 2.074 48,162 A share market cap (US\$ mn) Avg daily turnover 643 (US\$ mn) Major shareholder(s) Voting right Zheng Huang 88.9% Banyan Partners 1.7%

Source(s): Bloomberg, Company



Financial analysis

We maintain our financial forecast. For 2019-2021E, we expect GMV to grow by 46% CAGR to RMB 2.2tr by 2021E, driven by the growing number of active users and spending.

Exhibit 28: Major assumptions

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Annual active customer account (mn) | 419 | 585 | 702 | 772 |
| GMV (RMB bn) | 472 | 1,007 | 1,450 | 2,153 |
| Annual spending per active customer (RMB) | 1,127 | 1,721 | 2,065 | 2,788 |
| Monetization rate | 2.8% | 3.0% | 3.2% | 3.5% |

Source(s): the Group , ABCI Securities estimates

Overall, we expect revenue to increase at 58% CAGR in 2019-21E to RMB 75.4bn by 2021E, propelled by growing GMV and an improving monetization rate from 3.0% in 2019 to 3.5% in 2021E on value-added services provided to merchants.

Exhibit 29: Revenue forecasts (RMB mn)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Online marketplace services | 11,516 | 26,814 | 41,762 | 68,585 |
| Transaction services | 1,604 | 3,328 | 4,640 | 6,783 |
| Total revenue | 13,120 | 30,142 | 46,403 | 75,368 |

Source(s): the Group , ABCI Securities estimates

Gross margin trended up to 79.0% in 2019 vs. 58.5% in 2017, driven by economies of scale and improving efficiency of online marketplace. We expect such improvement to continue with gross margin reaching 83.0% by 2021E.

Sales and marketing expenses: Non-GAAP sales and marketing expenses have been the biggest cost item, accounting for 87.3% of revenue in 2019. Such ratio has been declining from the peak of 99.4% in 2018 because less promotion and subsidies are required as customer loyalty increases; also, the Group's bargaining power over merchants improves as its operation scale grows. We expect non-GAAP sales and marketing expenses/revenue ratio to improve to 68.0% by 2021E.

General & admin expenses: We expect non-GAAP G&A expense/sales ratio to improve to 1.0% for 2021E vs. 1.7% in 2019, driven by improving economies of scale.

R&D expenses: Non-GAAP R&D expenses /sales ratio was 9.9% in 2019. We expect this ratio to improve in 2020E-21E on economies of scale and reach 8.0% in 2021E.



Exhibit 30: Non-GAAP cost trend (RMB mn)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | |
| Cost of revenue | (2,902) | (6,315) | (8,584) | (12,813) |
| Sales and marketing | (13,036) | (26,313) | (38,050) | (51,250) |
| General and admin | (160) | (510) | (696) | (754) |
| R&D | (980) | (2,984) | (4,176) | (6,029) |
| Total | (17,078) | (36,123) | (51,507) | (70,846) |
| | | | | |
| % of revenue | | | | |
| Cost of revenue | 22.1% | 21.0% | 18.5% | 17.0% |
| Sales and marketing | 99.4% | 87.3% | 82.0% | 68.0% |
| General and admin | 1.2% | 1.7% | 1.5% | 1.0% |
| R&D | 7.5% | 9.9% | 9.0% | 8.0% |
| Total | 130.2% | 119.8% | 111.0% | 94.0% |

Note. Excl. impacts of share-based compensation and other non-operating items

Source(s): the Group , ABCI Securities estimates

Based on improving gross margins and cost trends, we estimate the Group would reach the breakeven point by 2021E with a core net profit of RMB 5.9bn, implying a core net margin of 7.8% in 2021E vs. -14.2% in 2019. Nonetheless, earnings visibility is still low at the moment and our forecasts are subject to revision with reference to quarterly earnings.



Maintain BUY

Our DCF-based valuation range is US\$ 72.42- US\$ 153.3 per share, based on a WACC of 7%-10%. We set our TP to US\$ 113.

Overall, our valuation range implies a wide trading range. Any major new business development or initiatives could lead to a higher valuation (higher risk appetites among investors). Our TP indicates a medium-term target but we notice that short-term share price might deviate from it due to technical factors such as supply/demand dynamic, etc.

Peer valuation analysis

Pinduoduo's peers are China's major online ecommerce platforms, including Alibaba (BABA US/9988 HK), JD (JD US/HK).

Pinduoduo is currently trading at a higher P/E than Alibaba and JD; however, P/E is not the best valuation metric for the Group since it is still in the early stage of profitability. Pinduoduo is trading at a higher P/S than Alibaba, reflecting the higher GMV growth expected for the Group.

Exhibit 31: Peer valuation

| | | Market cap# (USD mn) | Price (Lcy) | | P/sales | | | Core P/E* | |
|-------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|---------|-------|-------------|-----------|-------|
| | | | | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | 2021E | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | 2021E |
| Business model- p | latform based | | | | | | | | |
| BABA US | Alibaba | 804,915 | US\$ 269.5 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 39.6 | 34.5 | 27.3 |
| 3690 HK | Meituan-B | 177,785 | HK\$ 267.8 | 14.4 | 13.2 | 9.0 | 301.5 | 309.7 | 85.6 |
| PDD US | Pinduoduo-A | 48,162 | US\$ 74.8 | 20.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 | NA | NA | 103.7 |
| | | Average | | 15.2 | 11.7 | 7.9 | 170.5 | 172.1 | 72.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Business model - | direct sales | | | | | | | | |
| JD US | JD.com | 123,254 | US\$ 78.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 75.5 | 64.7 | 43.3 |
| VIPS US | VIP Shop -A | 9,073 | US\$ 15.3 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 14.7 | 11.4 | 9.9 |
| | | Average | | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 45.1 | 38.0 | 26.6 |

^{*}Excluding share-based compensation, impairments, fair value changes of investment, etc.

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

[#] All-share market cap for Alibaba and JD



ABCI SECURITIES COMPANY LIMITED

Financial forecast

Consolidated income statement (2018A-2021E)

| FY Ended Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Total revenue | 13,120 | 30,142 | 46,403 | 75,368 |
| Cost of sales | (2,905) | (6,339) | (8,615) | (12,844) |
| Gross profit | 10,215 | 23,803 | 37,788 | 62,524 |
| Sales and marketing | (13,442) | (27,174) | (39,143) | (52,392) |
| General and admin | (6,456) | (1,297) | (1,695) | (1,797) |
| R&D | (1,116) | (3,870) | (5,302) | (7,205) |
| Operating Profits | (10,799) | (8,538) | (8,352) | 1,131 |
| Interest income | 585 | 1,542 | 1,450 | 1,350 |
| Interest expenses | 0 | (146) | 0 | 0 |
| Fx gain | 10 | 63 | 0 | 0 |
| Others, net | (12) | 83 | 0 | 0 |
| Share of results of investee | 0 | 29 | 0 | 0 |
| PBT | (10,217) | (6,968) | (6,902) | 2,481 |
| Tax | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| PAT | (10,217) | (6,968) | (6,902) | 2,481 |
| Minority interests/distribution to convertible | (01) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| preferred shareholders | (81) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Profits attributable to shareholders | (10,297) | (6,968) | (6,902) | 2,481 |
| Share-based compensation | 6,841 | 2,558 | 3,248 | 3,392 |
| Interest related to CB amortization | 0 | 144 | 0 | 0 |
| Other non-core items | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-GAAP profits attributable to shareholders | (3,456) | (4,266) | (3,654) | 5,872 |
| Growth | | | | |
| Total revenue (%) | 652.5 | 129.7 | 53.9 | 62.4 |
| Gross Profits (%) | 900.8 | 133.0 | 58.8 | 65.5 |
| Operating Profits (%) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Net profit (%) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Non-GAAP net profit (%) | NA | NA | NA | NA |
| Operating performance | | | | |
| Operating margin (%) | (82.3) | (28.3) | (18.0) | 1.5 |
| Net margin (%) | (78.5) | (23.1) | (14.9) | 3.3 |
| Core net margin (%) | (26.3) | (14.2) | (7.9) | 7.8 |
| | ` , | ` ' | ` ' | |
| ROAE (%) | (115.5) | (32.1) | (30.2) | 10.4 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding Source(s): the Group, ABCI Securities estimates



Consolidated balance sheet (2018A-2021E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Fixed assets | 29 | 41 | 91 | 141 |
| Intangible asset | 2,579 | 1,994 | 1,994 | 1,994 |
| Other non-current assets | 183 | 1,020 | 1,045 | 1,072 |
| Total non-current assets | 2,791 | 3,056 | 3,131 | 3,207 |
| Cash & equivalents | 14,160 | 5,768 | 10,401 | 24,792 |
| Restricted cash | 16,379 | 27,578 | 30,335 | 33,369 |
| Short-term investments and investment securities | 7,631 | 35,289 | 29,996 | 26,996 |
| Account receivables | 248 | 1,051 | 1,104 | 1,159 |
| Other current assets | 1,973 | 3,315 | 3,363 | 3,413 |
| Total current assets | 40,391 | 73,001 | 75,199 | 89,728 |
| Total assets | 43,182 | 76,057 | 78,329 | 92,935 |
| Account payables | 670 | 2,109 | 2,184 | 2,263 |
| Payable to merchants | 17,276 | 29,927 | 33,639 | 37,157 |
| Merchant deposit | 4,188 | 7,841 | 9,481 | 14,118 |
| Borrowings and notes | 0 | 899 | 1,399 | 1,899 |
| Other current liabilities | 2,225 | 4,993 | 4,993 | 4,993 |
| Total current liabilities | 24,359 | 45,768 | 51,695 | 60,429 |
| Convertible bonds | - | 5,207 | 5,207 | 5,207 |
| Other non-current liabilities | - | 436 | 436 | 436 |
| Total non-current liabilities | - | 5,642 | 5,642 | 5,642 |
| Total liabilities | 24,359 | 51,410 | 57,337 | 66,071 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 18,823 | 24,647 | 20,993 | 26,865 |
| Non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - |
| Total equity | 18,823 | 24,647 | 20,993 | 26,865 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): the Group, ABCI Securities estimates

Consolidated cash flow statement (2018A-2021E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------------|---------|----------|-------|--------|
| Operating cash flow | 7,768 | 14,821 | 4,733 | 14,540 |
| Investing cash flow | (7,549) | (28,320) | (600) | (650) |
| Financing cash flow | 17,344 | 15,855 | 500 | 500 |
| Effective of FX | 547 | 450 | = | - |
| Net cash flows | 18,111 | 2,806 | 4,633 | 14,390 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): the Group, ABCI Securities estimates



VIPSHOP (VIP US) Niche player in discount online retailing

- A niche online e-commerce platform in China focusing on discount online retailing with a strong reputation and a loyal customer base
- Strategic move to refocus on the core discount retailing market and operating improvement resulted in better margins
- Maintain BUY with TP of US\$ 22 on potential margin improvement

A niche player focusing on discounted online retailing. VIPSHOP (VIPS) is a niche online ecommerce platform in China focusing on discount online retailing. Unlike other online retail platforms offering a wide range of merchandises to customers, VIPS specializes in flash sales of discounted branded products, resembling the outlet format in traditional offline retailing. The Group has earned a strong reputation in this niche segment with 69mn active customers at end-2019.

Counter-cyclical nature. In our view, the Group's business model offers some degree of counter cyclicality. During the economic downturn, brand owners typically choose to clear its inventories via heavy discounts to VIPS. This allows VIPS to lower purchase cost and offers a deeper discount to customers, which enhances overall customer engagement and loyalty.

2Q20 review. In 2Q20, revenue resumed 6% YoY growth after dropping 12% YoY in 1Q20 driven by 9% YoY growth in GMV and 17% YoY growth in active customers. In addition, core net profit grew by 24% YoY with core net margin improving to 5.5% in 2Q20 vs. 4.7% in 2Q19 driven by ongoing operational improvement. In particular, fulfillment cost/revenue ratio dropped from 9.5% in 2Q19 to 6.6% in 2Q20 as the Group outsourced deliveries to external parties

Maintain BUY. We maintain BUY with a DCF-based TP of US\$ 22 to reflect its solid market position in the discount online retailing market and ongoing margin improvement.

Results and Valuation

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

| FY end Dec 31 | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Revenue (RMB mn) | 84,524 | 92,994 | 96,186 | 104,486 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 15.9 | 10.0 | 3.4 | 8.6 |
| Net profit (RMB mn) | 2,129 | 4,017 | 5,509 | 6,416 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 9.2 | 88.7 | 37.2 | 16.5 |
| Core net profit (RMB mn) | 2,719 | 5,013 | 6,471 | 7,461 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | (6.9) | 84.4 | 29.1 | 15.3 |
| Earnings per ADS (RMB) | 3.1 | 5.9 | 8.1 | 9.4 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | 11.3 | 90.5 | 37.2 | 16.5 |
| Core earnings per ADS (RMB) | 3.9 | 7.4 | 9.5 | 11.0 |
| Chg (%, YoY) | (6.9) | 89.8 | 29.1 | 15.3 |
| Core P/E (x) | 27.9 | 14.7 | 11.4 | 9.9 |
| ROAE (%) | 24.7 | 20.4 | 21.6 | 19.8 |
| ROAA (%) | 9.8 | 8.7 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| 1 common shares = 5 ADS | | | | |

Company Report Oct 8, 2020 Rating: BUY TP: US\$ 22

Analyst: Steve Chow Tel: (852) 2147 8809 stevechow@abci.com.hk

ADS price (US\$) 15.3 Est. share price return 43.8% Est. dividend yield NA Est. total return 43.8% Previous Rating &TP BUY, US\$ 28 Previous Report Date Aug 12, 2020

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities

estimates

Key Data 52Wk H/L(US\$) 24.5/8.6 Issued shares (mn) 135.1 118.6 Listed A shares (mn) Unlisted B shares(mn) 16.5 A share market cap 9,073 (US\$ mn) Avg daily turnover 135 (US\$ mn) Major shareholder(s) 12.7%

Source(s): Bloomberg, Company

Eric Ya Shen



Financial analysis

We maintain our financial forecast. For 2019-2021E, we expect GMV to grow by 6% CAGR to RMB 166bn by 2021E, driven by the growing number of active users.

Annual active customer: the Company had 69mn annual active customers at end-2019, up 14% YoY. Looking forward, we expect the figure to reach 75mn by 2021E.

Annual spending per active customer: Annual spending per active customer has been largely stable at about RMB 2.1K in recent years. We expect this trend to continue going forward.

Based on the above assumptions, we expect revenue to increase by 3%/9% YoY growth in 2020E/21E. With improving gross margins and cost trends, we expect core net profit to reach RMB7.5bn by 2021E vs. RMB5.0bn for 2019.

Exhibit 32: Major assumptions

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Active customer (mn) | 61 | 69 | 70 | 75 |
| GMV (RMB bn) | 131 | 148 | 153 | 166 |
| Annual spending per active customer (RMB) | 2,165 | 2,148 | 2,169 | 2,213 |

Source(s): the Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 33: Revenue forecasts (RMB mn)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|
| Product revenue | 81,510 | 88,721 | 91,766 | 99,685 |
| Other revenue | 3,014 | 4,273 | 4,420 | 4,801 |
| Total revenue | 84,524 | 92,994 | 96,186 | 104,486 |

Source(s): The Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 34: Non-GAAP cost trend (RMB mn)

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020E | 2021E |
|------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Fulfillment | (7,416) | (7,205) | (6,925) | (7,419) |
| Marketing | (3,200) | (3,289) | (2,982) | (3,135) |
| Technology and content | (1,798) | (1,388) | (1,154) | (1,254) |
| General and admin | (2,321) | (3,704) | (3,366) | (3,135) |
| Total | (14,734) | (15,586) | (14,428) | (14,942) |
| % of revenue | | | | |
| Fulfillment | 8.8% | 7.7% | 7.2% | 7.1% |
| Marketing | 3.8% | 3.5% | 3.1% | 3.0% |
| Technology and content | 2.1% | 1.5% | 1.2% | 1.2% |
| General and admin | 2.7% | 4.0% | 3.5% | 3.0% |
| Total | 17.4% | 16.8% | 15.0% | 14.3% |

Note. Excl. impacts of share-based compensation and other non-operating items

Source(s): The Company , ABCI Securities estimates



Maintain BUY

We maintain BUY on the counter with a DCF-based TP of US\$ 22.

Our DCF-based valuation range is US\$ 19.6- US\$ 32.8 per ADS, based on a 3% terminal growth rate and a WACC of 10%-14% WACC. We set our TP at US\$ 22.

Overall, our valuation range implies a wide trading range. Any major new business development or initiatives could lead to a higher valuation (higher risk appetites among investors). Our TP indicates a medium-term target but we notice that short-term share price might deviate from it due to technical factors such as supply/demand dynamic, etc.

Peer valuation analysis

VIPS's peers are major online ecommerce platforms, including Alibaba (BABA US, 9988 HK) and Pinduoduo (PDD US). Overall, it is trading at discounts to peers on a core P/E basis. We believe this is due to its smaller operation and narrower product selection. Nonetheless, its undemanding valuation could imply potential re-rating in the medium term given the Group's ongoing margin expansion.

Exhibit 35: Peer valuation

| Exhibit 55. Feel | | Market cap# (USD mn) | Price (Lcy) | P/sales | | Core P/E* | | | |
|------------------|----------------|-------------------------|----------------|-------------|-------|-----------|-------------|-------|-------|
| | | | | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | 2021E | <u>2019</u> | 2020E | 2021E |
| Business model- | platform based | | | | | | | | |
| BABA US | Alibaba | 804,915 | US\$ 269.5 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 39.6 | 34.5 | 27.3 |
| 3690 HK | Meituan-B | 177,785 | HK\$ 267.8 | 14.4 | 13.2 | 9.0 | 301.5 | 309.7 | 85.6 |
| PDD US | Pinduoduo-A | 48,162 | US\$ 74.8 | 20.1 | 13.1 | 8.1 | NA | NA | 103.7 |
| | | Average | | 15.2 | 11.7 | 7.9 | 170.5 | 172.1 | 72.2 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| Business model - | direct sales | | | | | | | | |
| JD US | JD.com | 123,254 | US\$ 78.1 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 75.5 | 64.7 | 43.3 |
| VIPS US | VIP Shop -A | 9,073 | US\$ 15.3 | 0.8 | 8.0 | 0.7 | 14.7 | 11.4 | 9.9 |
| | | Average | | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 45.1 | 38.0 | 26.6 |

^{*}Excluding share-based compensation, impairments, fair value changes of investment, etc.

Source(s): Bloomberg, ABCI Securities estimates

Exhibit 36: TP changes (US\$ per share)

| Old | New | Methodology -old | Methodology -new |
|-----|-----|------------------|------------------|
| 28 | 22 | DCF -11% WACC | DCF -13% WACC |

Source(s): ABCI Securities estimates

[#] All-share market cap for Alibaba and JD



Financial forecast

Consolidated income statement (2018A-2021E)

| FY Ended Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|--|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Total revenue | 84,524 | 92,994 | 96,186 | 104,486 |
| Cost of sales | (67,455) | (72,314) | (75,025) | (81,499) |
| Gross profit | 17,069 | 20,680 | 21,161 | 22,987 |
| Fulfillment | (7,489) | (7,318) | (7,083) | (7,590) |
| Marketing | (3,241) | (3,324) | (3,031) | (3,188) |
| R&D | (2,001) | (1,568) | (1,407) | (1,528) |
| General and admin | (2,674) | (4,064) | (3,870) | (3,681) |
| Others, net | 757 | 367 | 667 | 724 |
| Operating Profits | 2,421 | 4,773 | 6,438 | 7,725 |
| Interest income | 243 | 217 | 220 | 230 |
| Interest expenses | (160) | (86) | (70) | (75) |
| Investment and FX gain | 243 | 38 | 50 | 50 |
| Share of results of investee | (47) | 27 | 30 | 30 |
| PBT | 2,700 | 4,970 | 6,668 | 7,960 |
| Tax | (566) | (984) | (1,200) | (1,592) |
| PAT | 2,133 | 3,986 | 5,468 | 6,368 |
| Minority interests | (5) | 30 | 42 | 49 |
| Net income | 2,129 | 4,017 | 5,509 | 6,416 |
| Share-based compensation | 671 | 688 | 962 | 1,045 |
| Other non-core items | (81) | 308 | 0 | 0 |
| Core net income | 2,719 | 5,013 | 6,471 | 7,461 |
| Growth | | | | |
| Total revenue (%) | 15.9 | 10.0 | 3.4 | 8.6 |
| Gross Profits (%) | 4.8 | 21.2 | 2.3 | 8.6 |
| Operating Profits (%) | (10.0) | 97.1 | 34.9 | 20.0 |
| Net profit (%) | 9.2 | 88.7 | 37.2 | 16.5 |
| Core net profit (%) | (6.9) | 84.4 | 29.1 | 15.3 |
| Operating performance | | | | |
| Operating margin (%) | 2.9 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 7.4 |
| Net margin (%) | 2.5 | 4.3 | 5.7 | 6.1 |
| Core net margin (%) | 3.2 | 5.4 | 6.7 | 7.1 |
| ROAE (%) | 24.7 | 20.4 | 21.6 | 19.8 |
| ROAA (%) | 9.8 | 8.7 | 10.8 | 10.8 |
| Make the dividual terms on a constant and the terms to the dividual terms of the second terms. | | | | |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Source(s): The Company, ABCI Securities estimates



Consolidated balance sheet (2018A-2021E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|-------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Fixed assets | 12,593 | 16,899 | 20,999 | 25,099 |
| Investments | 2,139 | 5,116 | 5,116 | 5,116 |
| Other non-current assets | 1,505 | 3,539 | 3,539 | 3,539 |
| Total non-current assets | 16,237 | 25,554 | 29,654 | 33,754 |
| Cash & equivalents | 9,540 | 6,574 | 9,496 | 13,404 |
| Restricted cash | 498 | 1,146 | 1,146 | 1,146 |
| Short-term investments | 2,321 | 3,053 | 3,053 | 3,053 |
| Account receivables | 5,675 | 1,296 | 1,296 | 1,296 |
| Inventories | 5,368 | 7,708 | 5,763 | 8,871 |
| Other current assets | 3,923 | 3,252 | 3,252 | 3,252 |
| Total current assets | 27,325 | 23,029 | 24,006 | 31,022 |
| Total assets | 43,562 | 48,583 | 53,660 | 64,776 |
| Advance from customer | 1,473 | 1,233 | 1,233 | 1,233 |
| Account payables | 11,630 | 13,792 | 12,398 | 16,052 |
| Borrowings and notes | 6,639 | 1,094 | 1,094 | 1,094 |
| Other current liabilities | 6,203 | 7,807 | 7,807 | 7,807 |
| Total current liabilities | 25,945 | 23,926 | 22,532 | 26,186 |
| Long term debt | - | 65 | 65 | 65 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 406 | 2,343 | 2,343 | 2,343 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 406 | 2,407 | 2,407 | 2,407 |
| Total liabilities | 26,351 | 26,333 | 24,939 | 28,593 |
| Equity attributable to shareholders | 17,262 | 21,827 | 28,257 | 35,669 |
| Non-controlling interests | (51) | 423 | 464 | 513 |
| Total equity | 17,211 | 22,250 | 28,721 | 36,182 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): The Company, ABCI Securities estimates

Consolidated cash flow statement (2018A-2021E)

| As of Dec 31 (RMB mn) | 2018A | 2019A | 2020E | 2021E |
|-----------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Operating cash flow | 5,746 | 12,290 | 7,922 | 8,908 |
| Investing cash flow | (6,694) | (8,240) | (5,000) | (5,000) |
| Financing cash flow | 587 | (6,257) | - | - |
| FX effect | 178 | (112) | - | - |
| Net cash flows | (184) | (2,319) | 2,922 | 3,908 |

Note. Individual items may not sum to total due to rounding

Individual items may vary from reported figures due to rounding /definition differences

Source(s): The Company, ABCI Securities estimates



Risk factors

Loss-making business

Selected ecommerce platform such as Pinduoduo reported net losses in recent years. The current business model may not be sustainable in the long run without a turnaround in coming years. In such case, our forecast and valuation method cannot be justified. The counter may not be suitable to prudent investors who prefer companies with a proven profitable record.

Market competition

The ecommerce industry is a competitive one. The competition will be on commission rate, promotion discount, brand advertising, technological investment, and more.

Slowdown in ecommerce consumption

As the industry is dependent on consumer spending, any significant slowdown of consumption in China would hamper performance. In the long term, we believe consumption growth in domestic market would converge with income growth, which is usually in line with GDP growth.

Non-GAAP financials

E-commerce platforms generally disclosed the non-GAAP financial metrics, such as the non-GAAP net profit, to supplement its GAAP financial measures. Historically, there were differences between its GAAP net profit and non-GAAP net profit due to inclusion of items such as share-based compensation and other non-core items in the former.

Among these items, share-based compensation expense is related to various factors including price movement of ordinary shares, expected volatility, risk-free interest rate, etc.

While investors tend to exclude these items when performing analysis given their non-cash nature, we believe these non-GAAP financial measures should only serve as references.



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Definition of equity rating

| Rating | Definition |
|--------|---|
| Buy | Stock return rate≥ Market return rate (10%) |
| Hold | - Market return rate (-10%) ≤ Stock return rate < Market return rate (+10%) |
| Sell | Stock return < - Market return (-10%) |

Notes: Stock return rate: expected percentage change of share price plus gross dividend yield over the next 12 months Market return rate: average market return rate since 2008 (HSI total return index 2008-19 CAGR at 10%)

Time horizon of share price target: 12-month

Stock rating, however, may vary from the stated framework due to factors including but not limited to: corporate governance, market capitalization, historical price volatility relative to corresponding benchmark index, average daily turnover of the stock relative to market capitalization of the stock, competitive advantages in corresponding industry, etc.

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